

ENHERTU4U provides support to answer your reimbursement questions

Utilizing appropriate codes on claim forms is required in order to obtain timely and appropriate reimbursement for ENHERTU.

National Drug Code (NDC)

10-digit NDC

Code	Description
65597-406-01	One 100 mg single-dose vial

11-digit NDC

Code	Description
65597-0406-01	One 100 mg single-dose vial

Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System (HCPCS) codes¹

Code	Description	Vial Size	Billing Units
J9358	Injection, fam-trastuzumab deruxtecan-nxki, 1 mg	100 mg	100

The suggestions contained throughout this document are for example only. AstraZeneca/Daiichi Sankyo makes no representation that the information is accurate or that it will comply with the requirements of any particular payer/insurer. Providers are solely responsible for determining the billing and coding requirements applicable to any payer/insurer. The information provided here is not intended to be conclusive or exhaustive, and is not intended to replace the guidance of a qualified professional advisor. No warranties or guarantees, expressed or implied, are made concerning the accuracy or appropriateness of this information for your particular use. The use of this information does not guarantee payment or that any payment received will cover your costs.

Current Procedural Terminology (CPT)²

Code	Description
96413	Chemotherapy administration, intravenous infusion technique; up to 1 hour, single or initial substance/drug

Important Safety Information, including Boxed WARNINGS

Indications

ENHERTU is a HER2-directed antibody and topoisomerase inhibitor conjugate indicated for the treatment of adult patients with:

- Unresectable or metastatic HER2-positive breast cancer who have received two or more prior anti-HER2-based regimens in the metastatic setting.

This indication is approved under accelerated approval based on tumor response rate and duration of response. Continued approval for this indication may be contingent upon verification and description of clinical benefit in a confirmatory trial.

- Locally advanced or metastatic HER2-positive gastric or gastroesophageal junction adenocarcinoma who have received a prior trastuzumab-based regimen.

WARNING: INTERSTITIAL LUNG DISEASE and EMBRYO-FETAL TOXICITY

- **Interstitial lung disease (ILD) and pneumonitis, including fatal cases, have been reported with ENHERTU. Monitor for and promptly investigate signs and symptoms including cough, dyspnea, fever, and other new or worsening respiratory symptoms. Permanently discontinue ENHERTU in all patients with Grade 2 or higher ILD/pneumonitis. Advise patients of the risk and to immediately report symptoms.**
- **Exposure to ENHERTU during pregnancy can cause embryo-fetal harm. Advise patients of these risks and the need for effective contraception.**

Please see additional Important Safety Information throughout, and [click here for full Prescribing Information](#), including Boxed WARNINGS, and [click here for Medication Guide](#).

Place of Service Codes³

Code	Location	Description
11	Office	Location, other than a hospital, skilled nursing facility, military treatment facility, community health center, state or local public health clinic, or intermediate care facility, where the health professional routinely provides health examinations, diagnosis, and treatment of illness or injury on an ambulatory basis.
19	Off Campus Outpatient Hospital	A portion of an off-campus hospital provider based department which provides diagnostic, therapeutic (both surgical and nonsurgical), and rehabilitation services to sick or injured persons who do not require hospitalization or institutionalization.
22	On Campus Outpatient Hospital	A portion of a hospital's main campus which provides diagnostic, therapeutic (both surgical and nonsurgical), and rehabilitation services to sick or injured persons who do not require hospitalization or institutionalization.

Revenue Codes⁴

Code	Description
0636	Drugs requiring detailed coding (Pharmacy extension series 063X)



Examples of metastatic breast cancer ICD-10-CM codes⁵

Primary breast cancer site

ICD-10-CM	Description
C50.011	Malignant neoplasm of nipple and areola, right female breast
C50.012	Malignant neoplasm of nipple and areola, left female breast
C50.019	Malignant neoplasm of nipple and areola, unspecified female breast
C50.021	Malignant neoplasm of nipple and areola, right male breast
C50.022	Malignant neoplasm of nipple and areola, left male breast
C50.029	Malignant neoplasm of nipple and areola, unspecified male breast
C50.111	Malignant neoplasm of central portion of right female breast
C50.112	Malignant neoplasm of central portion of left female breast
C50.119	Malignant neoplasm of central portion of unspecified female breast
C50.121	Malignant neoplasm of central portion of right male breast
C50.122	Malignant neoplasm of central portion of left male breast
C50.129	Malignant neoplasm of central portion of unspecified male breast
C50.211	Malignant neoplasm of upper-inner quadrant of right female breast
C50.212	Malignant neoplasm of upper-inner quadrant of left female breast
C50.219	Malignant neoplasm of upper-inner quadrant of unspecified female breast
C50.221	Malignant neoplasm of upper-inner quadrant of right male breast
C50.222	Malignant neoplasm of upper-inner quadrant of left male breast
C50.229	Malignant neoplasm of upper-inner quadrant of unspecified male breast

Important Safety Information

Contraindications

None.

Warnings and Precautions

Interstitial Lung Disease / Pneumonitis

Severe, life-threatening, or fatal interstitial lung disease (ILD), including pneumonitis, can occur in patients treated with ENHERTU. Advise patients to immediately report cough, dyspnea, fever, and/or any new or worsening respiratory symptoms. Monitor patients for signs and symptoms of ILD. Promptly investigate evidence of ILD. Evaluate patients with suspected ILD by radiographic imaging.

Please see additional Important Safety Information throughout, and [click here for full Prescribing Information](#), including **Boxed WARNINGS, and [click here for Medication Guide](#).**

Examples of metastatic breast cancer ICD-10-CM codes (cont'd)

Primary breast cancer site (cont'd)

C50.311	Malignant neoplasm of lower-inner quadrant of right female breast
C50.312	Malignant neoplasm of lower-inner quadrant of left female breast
C50.319	Malignant neoplasm of lower-inner quadrant of unspecified female breast
C50.321	Malignant neoplasm of lower-inner quadrant of right male breast
C50.322	Malignant neoplasm of lower-inner quadrant of left male breast
C50.329	Malignant neoplasm of lower-inner quadrant of unspecified male breast
C50.411	Malignant neoplasm of upper-outer quadrant of right female breast
C50.412	Malignant neoplasm of upper-outer quadrant of left female breast
C50.419	Malignant neoplasm of upper-outer quadrant of unspecified female breast
C50.421	Malignant neoplasm of upper-outer quadrant of right male breast
C50.422	Malignant neoplasm of upper-outer quadrant of left male breast
C50.429	Malignant neoplasm of upper-outer quadrant of unspecified male breast
C50.511	Malignant neoplasm of lower-outer quadrant of right female breast
C50.512	Malignant neoplasm of lower-outer quadrant of left female breast
C50.519	Malignant neoplasm of lower-outer quadrant of unspecified female breast
C50.521	Malignant neoplasm of lower-outer quadrant of right male breast
C50.522	Malignant neoplasm of lower-outer quadrant of left male breast
C50.529	Malignant neoplasm of lower-outer quadrant of unspecified male breast
C50.611	Malignant neoplasm of axillary tail of right female breast
C50.612	Malignant neoplasm of axillary tail of left female breast
C50.619	Malignant neoplasm of axillary tail of unspecified female breast
C50.621	Malignant neoplasm of axillary tail of right male breast
C50.622	Malignant neoplasm of axillary tail of left male breast
C50.629	Malignant neoplasm of axillary tail of unspecified male breast
C50.811	Malignant neoplasm of overlapping sites of right female breast
C50.812	Malignant neoplasm of overlapping sites of left female breast
C50.819	Malignant neoplasm of overlapping sites of unspecified female breast
C50.821	Malignant neoplasm of overlapping sites of right male breast
C50.822	Malignant neoplasm of overlapping sites of left male breast
C50.829	Malignant neoplasm of overlapping sites of unspecified male breast
C50.911	Malignant neoplasm of unspecified site of right female breast
C50.912	Malignant neoplasm of unspecified site of left female breast
C50.919	Malignant neoplasm of unspecified site of unspecified female breast
C50.921	Malignant neoplasm of unspecified site of right male breast
C50.922	Malignant neoplasm of unspecified site of left male breast
C50.929	Malignant neoplasm of unspecified site of unspecified male breast

Important Safety Information

Warnings and Precautions (cont'd)

Interstitial Lung Disease / Pneumonitis (cont'd)

Consider consultation with a pulmonologist. For asymptomatic ILD/pneumonitis (Grade 1), interrupt ENHERTU until resolved to Grade 0, then if resolved in ≤28 days from date of onset, maintain dose. If resolved in >28 days from date of onset, reduce dose one level. Consider corticosteroid treatment as soon as ILD/pneumonitis is suspected (e.g., ≥0.5 mg/kg/day prednisolone or equivalent). For symptomatic ILD/pneumonitis (Grade 2 or greater), permanently discontinue ENHERTU. Promptly initiate systemic corticosteroid treatment as soon as ILD/pneumonitis is suspected (e.g., ≥1 mg/kg/day prednisolone or equivalent) and continue for at least 14 days followed by gradual taper for at least 4 weeks.

Please see additional Important Safety Information throughout, and [click here for full Prescribing Information](#), including **Boxed WARNINGS, and [click here for Medication Guide](#).**

Examples of metastatic breast cancer ICD-10-CM codes (cont'd)

Personal history

ICD-10-CM	Description
Z85.3	Personal history of malignant neoplasm of breast

The codes listed below represent common sites to which metastatic breast cancer metastasizes. There may be other metastatic sites as well. These codes are for example only.

Metastasis to bone

ICD-10-CM	Description
C79.51	Secondary malignant neoplasm of bone
C79.52	Secondary malignant neoplasm of bone marrow

Metastasis to lung and pleura

ICD-10-CM	Description
C78.00	Secondary malignant neoplasm of unspecified lung
C78.01	Secondary malignant neoplasm of right lung
C78.02	Secondary malignant neoplasm of left lung
C78.1	Secondary malignant neoplasm of mediastinum
C78.2	Secondary malignant neoplasm of pleura
C78.30	Secondary malignant neoplasm of unspecified respiratory organ
C78.39	Secondary malignant neoplasm of other respiratory organs

Metastasis to lymph nodes

ICD-10-CM	Description
C77.0	Secondary and unspecified malignant neoplasm of lymph nodes of head, face and neck
C77.1	Secondary and unspecified malignant neoplasm of intrathoracic lymph nodes
C77.2	Secondary and unspecified malignant neoplasm of intra-abdominal lymph nodes
C77.3	Secondary and unspecified malignant neoplasm of axilla and upper limb lymph nodes
C77.4	Secondary and unspecified malignant neoplasm of inguinal and lower limb lymph nodes
C77.5	Secondary and unspecified malignant neoplasm of intrapelvic lymph nodes
C77.8	Secondary and unspecified malignant neoplasm of lymph nodes of multiple regions
C77.9	Secondary and unspecified malignant neoplasm of lymph node, unspecified

Metastasis to liver

ICD-10-CM	Description
C78.7	Secondary malignant neoplasm of liver and intrahepatic bile duct

Metastasis to brain

ICD-10-CM	Description
C79.31	Secondary malignant neoplasm of brain
C79.32	Secondary malignant neoplasm of cerebral meninges

Important Safety Information

Warnings and Precautions (cont'd)

Interstitial Lung Disease / Pneumonitis (cont'd)

Metastatic Breast Cancer

In clinical studies, of the 234 patients with unresectable or metastatic HER2-positive breast cancer treated with ENHERTU 5.4 mg/kg, ILD occurred in 9% of patients. Fatal outcomes due to ILD and/or pneumonitis occurred in 2.6% of patients treated with ENHERTU. Median time to first onset was 4.1 months (range: 1.2 to 8.3).

Please see additional Important Safety Information throughout, and [click here for full Prescribing Information](#), including **Boxed WARNINGS, and [click here for Medication Guide](#).**



Examples of locally advanced metastatic gastric cancer ICD-10-CM codes⁵

Primary gastric cancer site

ICD-10-CM	Description
C16.0	Malignant neoplasm of cardia
C16.1	Malignant neoplasm of fundus of stomach
C16.2	Malignant neoplasm of body of stomach
C16.3	Malignant neoplasm of pyloric antrum
C16.4	Malignant neoplasm of pylorus
C16.5	Malignant neoplasm of lesser curvature of stomach, unspecified
C16.6	Malignant neoplasm of greater curvature of stomach, unspecified
C16.8	Malignant neoplasm of overlapping sites of stomach
C16.9	Malignant neoplasm of stomach, unspecified

Personal history

ICD-10-CM	Description
Z85.028	Personal history of other malignant neoplasm of stomach

The codes listed below and on the next page represent common sites to which metastatic gastric or gastroesophageal junction adenocarcinoma metastasizes. There may be other metastatic sites as well. These codes are for example only.

Metastasis to lymph nodes

ICD-10-CM	Description
C77.0	Secondary and unspecified malignant neoplasm of lymph nodes of head, face and neck
C77.1	Secondary and unspecified malignant neoplasm of intrathoracic lymph nodes
C77.2	Secondary and unspecified malignant neoplasm of intra-abdominal lymph nodes
C77.3	Secondary and unspecified malignant neoplasm of axilla and upper limb lymph nodes
C77.4	Secondary and unspecified malignant neoplasm of inguinal and lower limb lymph nodes
C77.5	Secondary and unspecified malignant neoplasm of intrapelvic lymph nodes
C77.8	Secondary and unspecified malignant neoplasm of lymph nodes of multiple regions
C77.9	Secondary and unspecified malignant neoplasm of lymph node, unspecified

Metastasis to liver

ICD-10-CM	Description
C78.7	Secondary malignant neoplasm of liver and intrahepatic bile duct

Important Safety Information

Warnings and Precautions (cont'd)

Interstitial Lung Disease / Pneumonitis (cont'd)

Locally Advanced or Metastatic Gastric Cancer

In DESTINY-Gastric01, of the 125 patients with locally advanced or metastatic HER2-positive gastric or GEJ adenocarcinoma treated with ENHERTU 6.4 mg/kg, ILD occurred in 10% of patients. Median time to first onset was 2.8 months (range: 1.2 to 21.0).

Neutropenia

Severe neutropenia, including febrile neutropenia, can occur in patients treated with ENHERTU. Monitor complete blood counts prior to initiation of ENHERTU and prior to each dose, and as clinically indicated. For Grade 3 neutropenia (Absolute Neutrophil Count [ANC] <1.0 to 0.5 x 10⁹/L) interrupt ENHERTU until resolved to Grade 2 or less, then maintain dose. For Grade 4 neutropenia (ANC <0.5 x 10⁹/L) interrupt ENHERTU until resolved to Grade 2 or less. Reduce dose by one level. For febrile neutropenia (ANC <1.0 x 10⁹/L and temperature >38.3°C or a sustained temperature of ≥38°C for more than 1 hour), interrupt ENHERTU until resolved. Reduce dose by one level.

Please see additional Important Safety Information throughout, and [click here for full Prescribing Information](#), including **Boxed WARNINGS, and [click here for Medication Guide](#).**

Examples of locally advanced metastatic gastric cancer ICD-10-CM codes⁵

Metastasis to spleen, pancreas, and other digestive organs

ICD-10-CM	Description
C78.4	Secondary malignant neoplasm of small intestine
C78.5	Secondary malignant neoplasm of large intestine and rectum
C78.6	Secondary malignant neoplasm of retroperitoneum and peritoneum
C78.80	Secondary malignant neoplasm of unspecified digestive organ
C78.89	Secondary malignant neoplasm of other digestive organs

Metastasis to lung and pleura

ICD-10-CM	Description
C78.00	Secondary malignant neoplasm of unspecified lung
C78.01	Secondary malignant neoplasm of right lung
C78.02	Secondary malignant neoplasm of left lung
C78.1	Secondary malignant neoplasm of mediastinum
C78.2	Secondary malignant neoplasm of pleura
C78.30	Secondary malignant neoplasm of unspecified respiratory organ
C78.39	Secondary malignant neoplasm of other respiratory organs

Metastasis to brain

ICD-10-CM	Description
C79.31	Secondary malignant neoplasm of brain
C79.32	Secondary malignant neoplasm of cerebral meninges

Metastasis to bone and bone marrow

ICD-10-CM	Description
C79.51	Secondary malignant neoplasm of bone
C79.52	Secondary malignant neoplasm of bone marrow

Important Safety Information

Warnings and Precautions (cont'd)

Neutropenia (cont'd)

Metastatic Breast Cancer

In clinical studies, of the 234 patients with unresectable or metastatic HER2-positive breast cancer who received ENHERTU 5.4mg/kg, a decrease in neutrophil count was reported in 62% of patients. Sixteen percent had Grade 3 or 4 decrease in neutrophil count. Median time to first onset of decreased neutrophil count was 23 days (range: 6 to 547). Febrile neutropenia was reported in 1.7% of patients.

Locally Advanced or Metastatic Gastric Cancer

In DESTINY-Gastric01, of the 125 patients with locally advanced or metastatic HER2-positive gastric or GEJ adenocarcinoma treated with ENHERTU 6.4 mg/kg, a decrease in neutrophil count was reported in 72% of patients. Fifty-one percent had Grade 3 or 4 decreased neutrophil count. Median time to first onset of decreased neutrophil count was 16 days (range: 4 to 187). Febrile neutropenia was reported in 4.8% of patients.

Left Ventricular Dysfunction

Patients treated with ENHERTU may be at increased risk of developing left ventricular dysfunction. Left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) decrease has been observed with anti-HER2 therapies, including ENHERTU. In the 234 patients with unresectable or metastatic HER2-positive breast cancer who received ENHERTU, two cases (0.9%) of asymptomatic LVEF decrease were reported. In DESTINY-Gastric01, of the 125 patients with locally advanced or metastatic HER2-positive gastric or GEJ adenocarcinoma treated with ENHERTU 6.4 mg/kg, no clinical adverse events of heart failure were reported; however, on echocardiography, 8% were found to have asymptomatic Grade 2 decrease in LVEF. Treatment with ENHERTU has not been studied in patients with a history of clinically significant cardiac disease or LVEF <50% prior to initiation of treatment.

Please see additional Important Safety Information throughout, and [click here for full Prescribing Information](#), including **Boxed WARNINGS, and [click here for Medication Guide](#).**

Coding & Reimbursement

Example of a completed CMS-1500 claim form for ENHERTU-treated patient

Prescribers use this form when billing insurers for medication administered in the physician's office and for their professional services.

HEALTH INSURANCE CLAIM FORM
APPROVED BY NATIONAL UNIFORM CLAIM COMMITTEE (NUCC) 02/12

1. MEDICARE MEDICAID TRICARE CHAMPVA GROUP HEALTH PLAN FECA BLK LUNG OTHER
 (Medicare#) (Medicaid#) (TRICARE#) (Member ID#) (ID#) (ID#) (ID#)

1a. INSURED'S I.D. NUMBER (For Program in Item 1)
12345678

2. PATIENT'S NAME (Last Name, First Name, Middle Initial)
Smith, Karen A.

3. PATIENT'S BIRTH DATE MM DD YY SEX
MM DD YY M F

4. INSURED'S NAME (Last Name, First Name, Middle Initial)
Smith, Karen A.

5. PATIENT'S ADDRESS (No., Street)
123 Main St.

6. PATIENT RELATIONSHIP TO INSURED
Self Spouse Child Other

7. INSURED'S ADDRESS (No., Street)
123 Main St.

8. RESERVED FOR NUCC USE

9. OTHER INSURED'S NAME (Last Name, First Name, Middle Initial)

10. IS PATIENT'S CONDITION RELATED TO:
a. OTHER INSURED'S POLICY OR GROUP NUMBER
b. RESERVED FOR NUCC USE
c. RESERVED FOR NUCC USE

11. INSURED'S POLICY GROUP OR FECA NUMBER
12. PATIENT'S OR AUTHORIZED PERSON'S SIGNATURE (I authorize the release of any medical or other information necessary to process this claim. I also request payment of government benefits either to myself or to the party who accepts assignment below.)
SIGNED: Karen Smith DATE: 07/01/2020

13. INSURED'S OR AUTHORIZED PERSON'S SIGNATURE (I authorize payment of medical benefits to the undersigned physician or supplier for services described below.)
SIGNED: Karen Smith

14. DATE OF CURRENT ILLNESS, INJURY, or PREGNANCY (LMP)
MM DD YY QUAL. 07 01 2020

15. OTHER DATE QUAL. MM DD YY

16. DATES PATIENT UNABLE TO WORK IN CURRENT OCCUPATION
FROM MM DD YY TO MM DD YY

17. NAME OF REFERRING PROVIDER OR OTHER SOURCE
17a. NAME 17b. NPI

18. HOSPITALIZATION DATES RELATED TO CURRENT SERVICES
FROM MM DD YY TO MM DD YY

19. ADDITIONAL CLAIM INFORMATION (Designated by NUCC)

20. OUTSIDE LAB? YES NO \$ CHARGES

21. DIAGNOSIS OR NATURE OF ILLNESS OR INJURY Relate A-L to service line below (24E) ICD Ind. A. B. C. D. E. F. G. H. I. J. K. L.

22. RESUBMISSION CODE ORIGINAL REF. NO.

23. PRIOR AUTHORIZATION NUMBER

24. A.	DATE(S) OF SERVICE	B.	PLACE OF SERVICE	C.	EMG	D.	PROCEDURES, SERVICES, OR SUPPLIES	E.	DIAGNOSIS	F.	\$ CHARGES	G.	DAYS OR UNITS	H.	REL. EPSTN	I.	ID.	J.	RENDERING
1	From MM DD YY To MM DD YY	MM DD YY	MM DD YY	MM DD YY		CPHCPCS	(Explain Unusual Circumstances)	POINTER											PROVIDER ID. #
1	07 01 20 07 01 20	11				J9358													NPI
2	07 01 20 07 01 20	11				96413													NPI
3	07 01 20 07 01 20	11				J9358	JW												NPI
4																			NPI
5																			NPI
6																			NPI

25. FEDERAL TAX I.D. NUMBER 12345 SSN EIN 26. PATIENT'S ACCOUNT NO. 12345 27. ACCEPT ASSIGNMENT? YES NO 28. TOTAL CHARGE \$ 29. AMOUNT PAID \$ 30. Rsvd for NUCC Use

31. SIGNATURE OF PHYSICIAN OR SUPPLIER INCLUDING DEGREES OR CREDENTIALS (I certify that the statements on the reverse apply to this bill and are made a part thereof.)
SIGNED: John Doe MD DATE: 07/01/20

32. SERVICE FACILITY LOCATION INFORMATION
Oncology Specialists of Springfield
123 Main St. Springfield Anytown USA

33. BILLING PROVIDER INFO & PH #
Oncology Specialists of Springfield
123 Main St. Springfield Anytown USA

NUCC Instruction Manual available at: www.nucc.org PLEASE PRINT OR TYPE APPROVED OMB-0938-1197 FORM 1500 (02-12)

Input
Diagnosis
Code(s)
here

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Complete
Sections
E-J

Important Safety Information

Warnings and Precautions (cont'd) Left Ventricular Dysfunction (cont'd)

Assess LVEF prior to initiation of ENHERTU and at regular intervals during treatment as clinically indicated. When LVEF is >45% and absolute decrease from baseline is 10-20%, continue treatment with ENHERTU.

Please see additional Important Safety Information throughout, and click here for full Prescribing Information, including Boxed WARNINGS, and click here for Medication Guide.

Coding & Reimbursement (cont'd)

Example of a completed UB-04 claim form for ENHERTU-treated patient

Hospitals use this form when billing insurers for medication administered in the inpatient or outpatient setting. Please include the appropriate revenue codes when billing in the outpatient setting.

1		2		3a PAT. CNTR. #		4 TYPE OF BILL	
				5 MED. REC. #		131	
8 PATIENT NAME		9 PATIENT ADDRESS		6 STATEMENT COVERS PERIOD FROM		7 THROUGH	
Karen Smith		123 Main St.		12345678		07/01/2020 07/01/2020	
10 BIRTHDATE		11 SEX		12 DATE		13 NY STATE	
03/19/1949		F		07/01/2020		10001	
14 TYPE		15 SRC		16 DHR		17 STAT	
18		19		20		21	
31 OCCURRENCE DATE		32 OCCURRENCE DATE		33 OCCURRENCE DATE		34 OCCURRENCE DATE	
35 CODE		36 CODE		37 CODE		38 CODE	
39 CODE		40 CODE		41 CODE		42 CODE	
43 DESCRIPTION		44 HCPCS / RATE / HPPS CODE		45 SERV. DATE		46 SERV. UNITS	
0636 Drugs requiring detailed coding (Pharmacy extension series 063X)		J9358					
0335 Rad-Chemo IV		96413					
47 TOTAL CHARGES		48 NON-COVERED CHARGES		49			
PAGE		OF		CREATION DATE		TOTALS	
50 PAYER NAME		51 HEALTH PLAN ID		52 REL. INFO		53 PAYER ID	
Medicare		1234567890					
54 PRIOR PAYMENTS		55 EST. AMOUNT DUE		56 NPI		57 OTHER PRV ID	
58 INSURED'S NAME		59 P.REL.		60 INSURED'S UNIQUE ID		61 GROUP NAME	
Karen Smith				123456789			
62 INSURANCE GROUP NO.		63 TREATMENT AUTHORIZATION CODES		64 DOCUMENT CONTROL NUMBER		65 EMPLOYER NAME	
66		67		68		69	
70 PATIENT REASON DX		71 PPS CODE		72 EDI		73	
74 PRINCIPAL PROCEDURE DATE		75 OTHER PROCEDURE DATE		76 ATTENDING NPI		77 QUAL	
78 OTHER PROCEDURE DATE		79 OTHER PROCEDURE DATE		80 OTHER PROCEDURE DATE		81 QUAL	
				07/01/2020			
80 REMARKS		81CC a		82		83	
		b					
		c					
		d					
UB-04 CMS-1450		APPROVED CMB NO.		THE CERTIFICATIONS ON THE REVERSE APPLY TO THIS BILL AND ARE MADE A PART HEREOF.		NUBC	

Input Diagnosis Code(s) here

Important Safety Information

Warnings and Precautions (cont'd) Left Ventricular Dysfunction (cont'd)

When LVEF is 40-45% and absolute decrease from baseline is <10%, continue treatment with ENHERTU and repeat LVEF assessment within 3 weeks. When LVEF is 40-45% and absolute decrease from baseline is 10-20%, interrupt ENHERTU and repeat LVEF assessment within 3 weeks. If LVEF has not recovered to within 10% from baseline, permanently discontinue ENHERTU. If LVEF recovers to within 10% from baseline, resume treatment with ENHERTU at the same dose. When LVEF is <40% or absolute decrease from baseline is >20%, interrupt ENHERTU and repeat LVEF assessment within 3 weeks.

Please see additional Important Safety Information throughout, and click here for full Prescribing Information, including Boxed WARNINGS, and click here for Medication Guide.

Warnings and Precautions (cont'd)

Left Ventricular Dysfunction (cont'd)

If LVEF of <40% or absolute decrease from baseline of >20% is confirmed, permanently discontinue ENHERTU. Permanently discontinue ENHERTU in patients with symptomatic congestive heart failure.

Embryo-Fetal Toxicity

ENHERTU can cause fetal harm when administered to a pregnant woman. Advise patients of the potential risks to a fetus. Verify the pregnancy status of females of reproductive potential prior to the initiation of ENHERTU. Advise females of reproductive potential to use effective contraception during treatment and for at least 7 months following the last dose of ENHERTU. Advise male patients with female partners of reproductive potential to use effective contraception during treatment with ENHERTU and for at least 4 months after the last dose of ENHERTU.

Additional Dose Modifications

Thrombocytopenia

For Grade 3 thrombocytopenia (platelets <50 to 25 x 10⁹/L) interrupt ENHERTU until resolved to Grade 1 or less, then maintain dose. For Grade 4 thrombocytopenia (platelets <25 x 10⁹/L) interrupt ENHERTU until resolved to Grade 1 or less. Reduce dose by one level.

Adverse Reactions

Metastatic Breast Cancer

The safety of ENHERTU was evaluated in a pooled analysis of 234 patients with unresectable or metastatic HER2-positive breast cancer who received at least one dose of ENHERTU 5.4 mg/kg in DESTINY-Breast01 and Study DS8201-A-J101. ENHERTU was administered by intravenous infusion once every three weeks. The median duration of treatment was 7 months (range: 0.7 to 31).

Serious adverse reactions occurred in 20% of patients receiving ENHERTU. Serious adverse reactions in >1% of patients who received ENHERTU were interstitial lung disease, pneumonia, vomiting, nausea, cellulitis, hypokalemia, and intestinal obstruction. Fatalities due to adverse reactions occurred in 4.3% of patients including interstitial lung disease (2.6%), and the following events occurred in one patient each (0.4%): acute hepatic failure/acute kidney injury, general physical health deterioration, pneumonia, and hemorrhagic shock.

ENHERTU was permanently discontinued in 9% of patients, of which ILD accounted for 6%. Dose interruptions due to adverse reactions occurred in 33% of patients treated with ENHERTU. The most frequent adverse reactions (>2%) associated with dose interruption were neutropenia, anemia, thrombocytopenia, leukopenia, upper respiratory tract infection, fatigue, nausea, and ILD. Dose reductions occurred in 18% of patients treated with ENHERTU. The most frequent adverse reactions (>2%) associated with dose reduction were fatigue, nausea, and neutropenia.

The most common (≥20%) adverse reactions, including laboratory abnormalities, were nausea (79%), white blood cell count decreased (70%), hemoglobin decreased (70%), neutrophil count decreased (62%), fatigue (59%), vomiting (47%), alopecia (46%), aspartate aminotransferase increased (41%), alanine aminotransferase increased (38%), platelet count decreased (37%), constipation (35%), decreased appetite (32%), anemia (31%), diarrhea (29%), hypokalemia (26%), and cough (20%).

Locally Advanced or Metastatic Gastric Cancer

The safety of ENHERTU was evaluated in 187 patients with locally advanced or metastatic HER2-positive gastric or GEJ adenocarcinoma in DESTINY-Gastric01. Patients intravenously received at least one dose of either ENHERTU (N=125) 6.4 mg/kg once every three weeks or either irinotecan (N=55) 150 mg/m² biweekly or paclitaxel (N=7) 80 mg/m² weekly for 3 weeks. The median duration of treatment was 4.6 months (range: 0.7 to 22.3) in the ENHERTU group and 2.8 months (range: 0.5 to 13.1) in the irinotecan/paclitaxel group.

Serious adverse reactions occurred in 44% of patients receiving ENHERTU 6.4 mg/kg. Serious adverse reactions in >2% of patients who received ENHERTU were decreased appetite, ILD, anemia, dehydration, pneumonia, cholestatic jaundice, pyrexia, and tumor hemorrhage. Fatalities due to adverse reactions occurred in 2.4% of patients: disseminated intravascular coagulation, large intestine perforation, and pneumonia occurred in one patient each (0.8%).

ENHERTU was permanently discontinued in 15% of patients, of which ILD accounted for 6%. Dose interruptions due to adverse reactions occurred in 62% of patients treated with ENHERTU. The most frequent adverse reactions (>2%) associated with dose interruption were neutropenia, anemia, decreased appetite, leukopenia, fatigue, thrombocytopenia, ILD, pneumonia, lymphopenia, upper respiratory tract infection, diarrhea, and hypokalemia. Dose reductions occurred in 32% of patients treated with ENHERTU. The most frequent adverse reactions (>2%) associated with dose reduction were neutropenia, decreased appetite, fatigue, nausea, and febrile neutropenia.

The most common (≥20%) adverse reactions, including laboratory abnormalities, were hemoglobin decreased (75%), white blood cell count decreased (74%), neutrophil count decreased (72%), lymphocyte count decreased (70%), platelet count decreased (68%), nausea (63%), decreased appetite (60%), anemia (58%), aspartate aminotransferase increased (58%), fatigue (55%), blood alkaline phosphatase increased (54%), alanine aminotransferase increased (47%), diarrhea (32%), hypokalemia (30%), vomiting (26%), constipation (24%), blood bilirubin increased (24%), pyrexia (24%), and alopecia (22%).

Use in Specific Populations

- **Pregnancy:** ENHERTU can cause fetal harm when administered to a pregnant woman. Advise patients of the potential risks to a fetus. There are clinical considerations if ENHERTU is used in pregnant women, or if a patient becomes pregnant within 7 months following the last dose of ENHERTU.
- **Lactation:** There are no data regarding the presence of ENHERTU in human milk, the effects on the breastfed child, or the effects on milk production. Because of the potential for serious adverse reactions in a breastfed child, advise women not to breastfeed during treatment with ENHERTU and for 7 months after the last dose.
- **Females and Males of Reproductive Potential:** Pregnancy testing: Verify pregnancy status of females of reproductive potential prior to initiation of ENHERTU. Contraception: *Females:* ENHERTU can cause fetal harm when administered to a pregnant woman. Advise females of reproductive potential to use effective contraception during treatment with ENHERTU and for at least 7 months following the last dose. *Males:* Advise male patients with female partners of reproductive potential to use effective contraception during treatment with ENHERTU and for at least 4 months following the last dose. Infertility: ENHERTU may impair male reproductive function and fertility.
- **Pediatric Use:** Safety and effectiveness of ENHERTU have not been established in pediatric patients.
- **Geriatric Use:** Of the 234 patients with HER2-positive breast cancer treated with ENHERTU 5.4 mg/kg, 26% were ≥65 years and 5% were ≥75 years. No overall differences in efficacy were observed between patients ≥65 years of age compared to younger patients. There was a higher incidence of Grade 3-4 adverse reactions observed in patients aged ≥65 years (53%) as compared to younger patients (42%). Of the 125 patients with locally advanced or metastatic HER2-positive gastric or GEJ adenocarcinoma treated with ENHERTU 6.4 mg/kg in DESTINY-Gastric01, 56% were ≥65 years and 14% were ≥75 years. No overall differences in efficacy or safety were observed between patients ≥65 years of age compared to younger patients.
- **Hepatic Impairment:** In patients with moderate hepatic impairment, due to potentially increased exposure, closely monitor for increased toxicities related to the topoisomerase inhibitor.

To report SUSPECTED ADVERSE REACTIONS, contact Daiichi Sankyo, Inc. at 1-877-437-7763 or FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088 or [fda.gov/medwatch](https://www.fda.gov/medwatch).

Please click here for full Prescribing Information, including Boxed WARNINGS, and click here for Medication Guide.

References: **1.** Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System (HCPCS) Application Summaries and Coding Decisions. <https://www.cms.gov/files/document/2020-hcpcs-application-summary-quarter-1-2020-drugs-and-biologicals.pdf>. Accessed January 15, 2021. **2.** American Medical Association. *CPT® 2020 Professional Edition*. Chicago, IL: American Medical Association; 2020. **3.** Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services. Place of Service Codes for Professional Claims Database (updated October 2019). <https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-Fee-for-Service-Payment/PhysicianFeeSched/Downloads/Website-POS-database.pdf>. Accessed January 15, 2021. **4.** Noridian Healthcare Solutions. Revenue Codes. <https://med.noridianmedicare.com/web/jea/topics/claim-submission/revenue-codes>. Accessed January 15, 2021. **5.** Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. International Classification of Diseases, Tenth Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-10-CM). <https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/icd/icd10cm.htm>. Accessed January 15, 2021.

ENHERTU4U provides patients and their providers access and reimbursement support for ENHERTU. Reimbursement is not guaranteed.

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